## "QUIZ" for Lecture 15

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## E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: qXFirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Oct. 29, 8:00pm

1. Use polar coordinates to compute the double integral

$$\int_{D} \int_{D} xy \, dA \quad ,$$

where

$$D = \{(x, y) \, \big| \, x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, \, x \geq 0, \, y \geq 0 \, \} \quad .$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^1 \frac{r^3 \sin 2\theta}{2} dr d\theta = \frac{1}{8}$$

2. Evaluate the iterated integral by converting it to polar coordinates

$$\int_{1}^{1} \int_{1-y^{z}}^{\sqrt{1-y^{z}}} e^{x^{z}+y^{z}} dx dy .$$

$$0 \quad 0$$

**Note:** The previous version had a typo (dy dx instead of dx dy, that made it nonsense). I thank Yidi "Wendy" Weng for pointing it out (and see won a dolllar).

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^1 r * e^r dr d\theta = e^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - 1$$