

"QUIZ" for Lecture 12

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Section: 23

E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q12FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Oct. 19 8:00pm

1. Calculate the iterated integral

$$\int_1^2 \int_{-1}^1 (x + y^2) dx dy$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 (x + y^2) dx = \left. \frac{1}{2}x^2 + xy^2 \right|_{-1}^1 = \left[\frac{1}{2}(1^2) + 1(y^2) - \left(\frac{1}{2}(-1)^2 - 1(y^2) \right) \right] = \frac{1}{2} + y^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2} - y^2 \right) = 2y^2$$

$$\int_1^2 2y^2 dy = \left. \frac{2}{3}y^3 \right|_1^2 = \frac{2}{3}(2^3 - 1^3) = \frac{2}{3}(8 - 1) = \frac{2}{3}(7) = \frac{14}{3}$$

2. Calculate the double integral

$$\iint_R \frac{x^2 y}{x^3 + 1} dA$$

$$R = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 1, -1 \leq y \leq 1\}$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x^2 y}{x^3 + 1} dx dy \Rightarrow \int_0^1 \frac{x^2 y}{x^3 + 1} dx = y \int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{x^3 + 1} dx \quad \begin{matrix} u = x^3 + 1 \\ du = 3x^2 dx \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} y \int_0^1 \frac{du}{u} = \frac{1}{3} y \ln(x^3 + 1) \Big|_0^1$$

$$\frac{1}{3} y (\ln 2 - \ln 1) = \frac{1}{3} y \ln 2 \Rightarrow \int_{-1}^1 \frac{1}{3} y \ln 2 dy = \frac{\ln 2}{3} \int_{-1}^1 y dy = \frac{\ln 2}{3} \left(\frac{y^2}{2} \right) \Big|_{-1}^1 = \frac{1}{6} y^2 \ln 2$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \ln 2 (1^2 - (-1)^2) = \frac{1}{6} \ln 2 (0) = 0$$

(i tried both ways but i wanted to make sure)