

## Solutions to Attendance Quiz for Lecture 1 of Dr. Z.'s Dynamical Models in Biology class

1. Compute  $x_5$  of the sequence satisfying the recurrence equation

$$x_n = x_{n-1} + x_{n-2}$$

subject to the initial conditions

$$x_0 = 1, x_1 = 2 \quad .$$

**Sol. to 1:**

$$x_2 = x_1 + x_0 = 2 + 1 = 3$$

$$x_3 = x_2 + x_1 = 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$x_4 = x_3 + x_2 = 5 + 3 = 8 \quad .$$

$$x_5 = x_4 + x_3 = 8 + 5 = 13 \quad .$$

**Ans. to 1:**  $x_5 = 13$ .

2. Solve explicitly the recurrence equation

$$x_n = 2x_{n-1} - x_{n-2} \quad ,$$

with initial conditions

$$x_0 = 0, x_1 = 2 \quad .$$

**Sol. of 2:** The **characteristic equation** is

$$z^2 = 2z - 1 \quad ,$$

In other words

$$z^2 - 2z + 1 = 0 \quad .$$

Solving

$$(z - 1)^2 = 0 \quad .$$

There is just one **double root**,  $z = 1$ . So the template

$$x_n = C_1 + C_2 n \quad .$$

where  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are yet to be determined.

When  $n = 0$  we have

$$0 = x_0 = C_1 + C_2 \cdot 0 \quad ,$$

so

$$C_1 = 0 \quad .$$

When  $n = 1$  we have

$$2 = x_1 = C_1 + C_2 \cdot 1 \quad .$$

So  $C_2 = 2$

**Ans. to 2:**  $x_n = 2n$ .

**Comment:** this problem was a bit confusing since the double root is  $z = 1$  and  $1^n = 1$  so because the answer was so simple, it was challenging.