9	
3	
3	
2	
э Н	w Perien Hordon Battini
D PI) 2	$\frac{1}{3}$ + 3(1) ^L - 11(1)+L = $8 + 12 - 2L + L = 0$ 2=2 is a solution
3	5+3(1)2 -11(1)+2 = 9+27-33+2= 5 2=3 pot a solution
P7) 6	
3	M=O Masasol. sin I = 1 Inot asol.
B) cint	昱+wsg=1=1 對isasol. sin2 平+ w3 子=1=1 平is asol.
3.11	$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}$
Py) All	ual numbers
2	
P5) 4-	t^{3} $11t^{2}$ $4(1)^{3} = 32 = x'(2)$ $12(2)^{2} = 48 = x''(t)$
	and the second of the second of the second of the second s
P6) I=	$(1-1)(1-2)(1-3) \neq 1 = 1 = 1 = 1$
2=	(1-1)(1-2)(1-3)+12 -> 2=2 -
<i>j</i> =	(3-1)(3-1)(3-3) + 3 - 3 = 3
	(-1-1)(-1-2)-1 = -17-15 X= 1/13 ore FP. X=-1 is ot a FP.
) (rg	
	$(-1) (0+-1+1, 0+1-2) = (0, -1) - (0, -1) is_{a} FP$
5	$(1+1+1, 1-1-2) = (3,2) \times (1,1) is not a FP.$
P8) F(m)	$= 1 (\infty + 1)$
	f(0.5)=0.666 $f(f(0.5))=0.6$ $f(f(0.5))=0.625$
) ii)	Orb([1/(x+1)], [x], [0.5], 0,2];
) iij	Orb ([1/(x+1)], [x], [0,3], 1000, 1000] [1]; ->
2	
P9) f(x,	422) = (x/Cltytz), y/Clt xtz), 2/Cltxty))
	$\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}$
	216 (LIJUA) IXXIF, THOU J, LXXIF, L4186, 0,2);
9	16 (Elivery Itry], [x,y, 2], [iappid], 1000, 1000) [2]; >
PIDY (D)-	$\chi_{(\eta-1)}^{\perp} - 2\chi_{(\eta-1)+1} \qquad \chi = \chi^{2} - 2\chi + 1 \qquad \chi^{2} - 3\chi + 2 = 0$
	x = x = 2x = 2x = 2x = 2x = 2
2	· ····································
2	

PID) $\chi(n) = \frac{1}{2}\chi(n-1)(1-\chi(n-1)) = \frac{1}{2}\chi(1-\chi) = \frac{1}{2}\chi - \frac{1}{2}\chi^{-1}$ $\{x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x = 0 \quad x(\frac{5}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}) = 0 \quad (x = \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{5} - \frac{3}{2})$ P13) x(n)= Kx(n-1)(1-x(n-1)) x = Kx(1-x) -> x = 14x - kx4 $kx^{L} - x(k-1) = 0$ x(kx - (k-1)) = 0 xkx = (k-1) $x = \frac{k-1}{k} + 0$ PII') Orb([x2-1x+L], [x], [0.9], 1000, 1010); 0, b ([x2-2+2], [x], [19], 1000, 1010); OID ([1. - 1+2], [x], [2.1], 1000, 1010); PIL' OID ([{x (1-2)], [2], [0.1], 1000, 1010]; 016 ([=== (1-x)], (x], [0.7], (000, 1010); $P(1)'') f'(x) = 2x - 2 \qquad x = y_2 \qquad (f'(1)) = 0 \quad c \mid stable$ |f'(2)|= 2 >1 unstable x=1 is stable eq. pt. PIL'I f'(x) = = - 5x |f'(o)| = = >1 unstable |(f'(z)) = - 3 = - 2 + 1 stable X= = is stable C C

> #Hrudai Battini HW 25 Review read "/Users/hb334/Documents/DMB.txt"; First Written: Nov. 2021

This is DMB.txt, A Maple package to explore Dynamical models in Biology (both discrete and continuous) accompanying the class Dynamical Models in Biology, Rutgers University. Taught by Dr. Z. (Doron Zeilbeger)

> The most current version is available on WWW at: http://sites.math.rutgers.edu/~zeilberg/tokhniot/DMB.txt. Please report all bugs to: DoronZeil at gmail dot com.

For general help, and a list of the MAIN functions, *type "Help();". For specific help type "Help(procedure name);"*

For a list of the supporting functions type: Help1(); *For help with any of them type: Help(ProcedureName);*

For a list of the functions that give examples of Discrete-time dynamical systems (some famous), type: HelpDDM();

For help with any of them type: Help(ProcedureName);

For a list of the functions continuous-time dynamical systems (some famous) type: HelpCDM(); *For help with any of them type: Help(ProcedureName);*

(1) > #8 Orb([1/(x+1)],[x],[0.5],0,2); Orb([1/(x+1)],[x],[0.5],1000,1000); [[0.5], [0.66666666667], [0.5999999999]] [[0.6180339887]] (2) = > #9 $Orb\left(\left[\frac{x}{1+y+z}, \frac{y}{1+x+z}, \frac{z}{1+x+y}\right], [x, y, z], [1.0, 1.0, 1.0], 0, 2\right);$ $Orb\left(\left[\frac{x}{1+y+z}, \frac{y}{1+x+z}, \frac{z}{1+x+y}\right], [x, y, z], [1.0, 1.0, 1.0], 1000, 1000\right);$

```
[[1.0, 1.0, 1.0], [0.3333333333, 0.333333333, 0.3333333333], [0.2000000001,
   0.200000001, 0.200000001]]
               [[0.0004997501157, 0.0004997501157, 0.0004997501157]]
                                                                                     (3)
> #11'
  Orb([x<sup>2</sup>-2*x+2],[x],[0.9],1000,1010);
  Orb([x^2-2*x+2],[x],[1.9],1000,1010); #x=1 is stable
  Orb([x^2-2*x+2],[x],[2.1],1000,1010); #x=2 is unstable.
[[1.000000000], [1.000000000], [1.000000000], [1.0000000000], [1.0000000000],
   [1.00000000], [1.00000000], [1.00000000], [1.00000000], [1.00000000],
   [1.00000000]]
[[1.000000000], [1.000000000], [1.000000000], [1.0000000000], [1.0000000000],
   [1.00000000], [1.00000000], [1.00000000], [1.00000000], [1.00000000],
   [1.00000000]]
[[Float(undefined)], [Float(undefined)], [Float(undefined)], [Float(undefined)], [
                                                                                     (4)
   Float(undefined)], [Float(undefined)], [Float(undefined)], [Float(undefined)], [
   Float(undefined)], [Float(undefined)], [Float(undefined)]]
> #12'
  Orb([(5/2)*x*(1-x)],[x],[0.1],1000,1010); #x=0 is unstable
  Orb([(5/2)*x*(1-x)],[x],[0.7],1000,1010); #x=3/5 is stable
[[0.600000000], [0.600000000], [0.6000000000], [0.6000000000], [0.6000000000],
   [0.600000000], [0.600000000], [0.600000000], [0.600000000], [0.600000000],
   [0.60000000]]
[[0.600000000], [0.600000000], [0.6000000000], [0.6000000000], [0.6000000000],
                                                                                     (5)
   [0.600000000], [0.600000000], [0.6000000000], [0.6000000000], [0.6000000000],
   [0.600000000]]
```