

Dynamical Modeling HW23 Nikita John-Okamoto

Post

- 1) I got parts (c) and (d) wrong because I struggled with putting the word problem into math. I didn't understand how to format the equation.

FOR (c)

(a) Similar problem #1

The values of  $f_c(n)$  depends on 3 times the value of the previous number times the previous number minus two

(i) discrete time

$$(ii) x(n) = 3x(n-1)(x(n-1)-2)$$

$$(iii) f(x) = 3x(x-2)$$

$$(iv) x = 3x(x-2)$$

$$x = 3x^2 - 6x$$

$$3x^2 - 7x = 0$$

$$x(3x-7) = 0$$

$$\boxed{x=0, x=\frac{7}{3}}$$

$$(v) f'(x) = 6x - 6 \quad |f'(0)| > 1, |f'(\frac{7}{3})| > 1, \text{ so both points}$$

$$f'(0) = -6 \quad \text{are unstable}$$

$$f'(\frac{7}{3}) = 8$$

(b) Similar Problem #2

The value today depends on the value yesterday times the quantity of 3 times the value yesterday minus one.

(i) discrete time

$$(ii) x(n) = x(n-1)(3x(n-1)-1)$$

$$(iii) f(x) = x(3x-1)$$

$$(iv) x = 3x^2 - x$$

$$\boxed{x=0, \frac{2}{3}}$$

$$3x^2 - 2x = 0$$

$$x(3x-2) = 0$$

$$(v) f'(x) = 6x - 1 \quad |f'(0)| \not> 1, |f'(\frac{2}{3})| > 1, \text{ so both}$$

$$f'(0) = -1 \quad \text{points are unstable}$$

$$f'(\frac{2}{3}) = 3$$

FOR (D)

Similar Problem #1

(a) The rate of population change is increasing by twice the current population and the quantity of 1 minus the current population

(i) continuous time

$$(iv) 0 = 2x(1-x) \Rightarrow \boxed{x=0, 1}$$

$$(ii) x'(t) = 2x(t)(1-x(t))$$

$$(iv) F'(x) = 2 - 4x$$

$$(iii) F(x) = 2x(1-x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} F'(0) &= -4 \\ F'(1) &= -3 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{cases} \text{both are less than } 0, \text{ so both are stable} \end{cases}$$

### Similar Problem #2

(b) A population increases at a rate of 3 times the current population times the quantity of the current population minus 2.

(i) Continuous time

$$(ii) \dot{x}(t) = 3x(t)(x(t) - 2)$$

$$(iii) F(x) = 3x(x-2)$$

$$(iv) 0 = 3x(x-2)$$

$$\boxed{x=0, 2}$$

$$(v) F'(x) = 6x - 6$$

$$F'(0) = -6 \quad F'(0) < 0, \text{ the point is stable}$$

$$F'(2) = 6 \quad F'(2) > 0, \text{ the point is unstable}$$