

# HW 14

#11

$$x(n) = x(n-1) + y(n-1)^2 - 1/16$$

$$y(n) = x(n-1)^2 + y(n-2) - 1/9$$

$$f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 - 1/16$$

$$g(x,y) = x^2 + y - 1/9$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & +2y^3 \\ 2x & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = x^2 + y^2 - 1/16$$

$$y^4 = 1/16$$

$$y = \pm 1/2$$

$$(-1/3, -1/2) = p_1$$

$$(-1/3, 1/2) = p_2$$

$$(1/3, 1/2) = p_3$$

$$(1/3, -1/2) = p_4$$

$$y = x^2 + y - 1/9$$

$$x^2 = 1/9$$

$$x = \pm 1/3$$

$$J_{p_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1/2 \\ -2/3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1-\lambda)^2 + \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$(1-\lambda) = \sqrt{1/3} i$$

$\lambda = \frac{3 + \sqrt{3}}{3} > 1$ , not stable!

$$J_{p_2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1/2 \\ -2/3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1-\lambda)^2 + 1/3 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 1 \pm i\sqrt{3}/3$$

Not stable

$$J_{p_3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1/2 \\ 2/3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

same eigenvalues as  $J_{p_1}$ , not stable

$$J_{p_4} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1/2 \\ 2/3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

same eigenvalues as  $J_{p_2}$ , not stable

2

$x \rightarrow x^3 \pmod{17}$

$$[1, 1]$$

$$[2, 8]$$

$$[3, 9, 15, 9]$$

$$[4, 13, 4]$$

$$[5, 6, 12, 11, 5]$$

$$[6, 12, 11, 5, 6]$$

$$[7, 3, 9, 15, 9]$$

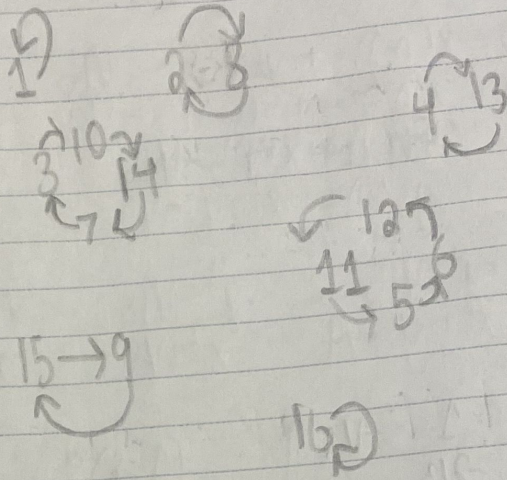
$$[8, 2, 8]$$

$$[9, 15, 9]$$

$$[10, 14, 7, 3, 9, 15, 9]$$

2.  $x \rightarrow x^3 \pmod{17}$

- [1, 1]
- [2, 8, 2]
- [3, 10, 14, 7, 3]
- [4, 13, 4]
- [5, 6, 12, 11, 5]
- [6, 12, 11, 5, 6]
- [7, 3, 10, 14, 7]
- [8, 2, 8]
- [9, 15, 9]
- [10, 14, 7, 3, 10]
- [11, 5, 6, 12, 11]
- [12, 11, 5, 6, 12]
- [13, 4, 13]
- [14, 7, 3, 10, 14]
- [15, 9, 15]
- [16, 16]



3

Random 2 Digit #s [15, 31, 26, 45, 93, 72, 41, 69, 25, 12]

i #1 51-15 82-36 78-27 54-45 90-04 81-18  
 [15, 36, 27, 45, 09, 81, 63, 27]

#2 [31, 18, 63, 27, 45, 09, 81, 63]

#3 [26, 36, 27, 45, 9, 81, 63, 27]

#4 [45, 09, 81, 63, 27, 45]

#5 [93, 54, 09, 81, 63, 27, 45, 09]

#6 [72, 45, 09, 81, 63, 27, 45]

#7 [41, 27, 45, 9, 81, 63, 27]

#8 [69, 27, 45, 9, 81, 63, 27]

#9 [25, 27, 45, 9, 81, 63, 27]

#10 [12, 9, 81, 63, 27, 45, 9]

ii Random 3 Digits [412, 362, 420, 812, 069]

421-124 972-274 963-364 954-459 954-459

#1 [412, 297, 693, 594, 495, 495]

632-236 963-364

#2 [362, 346, 594, 495, 495]

420-24

#3 [420, 346, 594, 495, 495]

821-129

#4 [812, 693, 594, 495, 495]

960-069 991-189

#5 [069, 891, 792, 693, 594, 495, 495]

iii 3 random 4 Digits [1234, 8210, 2412]

4321-1234 9120-0878 8532-2358 7611-1461

#1 [1234, 3087, 8352, 6174, 6174]

8210-0129 8820-0789

#2 [8210, 8082, 8532, 6174, 6174]

4221-1224 9972-2794 7731-1377 6543-3456

#3 [2412, 2997, 7173, 6354, 3987, 8352, 6174, 6174]

#4

The only fixed point for  $T_3(n) = 6495$

" " for  $T_4(n) = 6174$

$$n \rightarrow \frac{n}{2} \text{ if even} \quad n \rightarrow \frac{3n+1}{2} \text{ if } n \text{ is odd}$$

5 random #'s 2, 42, 9, 21, 469

$n=2$  [2, 1, 2]

$n=42$  [42, 21, 64, 32, 16, 8, 4, 2, 1]

$n=9$  [9, 14, 7, 11, 17, 26, 13, 20, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 2]

$n=21$  [21, 32, 16, 8, 4, 2, 1, 2]

$n=469$  [469, 1408, 704, 352, 176, 88, 44, 22, 11, 17, 26, 13, 20, 10, 5, 8, 4, 2, 1, 2]

6. The only periodic orbit is [2, 1, 2]

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{n}{2} & \text{if } n \equiv 0 \pmod{2} \\ \frac{3n+1}{2} & \text{if } n \equiv 1 \pmod{2} \end{cases}$$

if  $n$  is even

$\frac{n}{2}$  will result in an odd number when the digit becomes 2, 0, 0

if  $n$  is odd  $\frac{3n+1}{2}$  results in an even number over  $n$

Since both processor divide by 2 over time every number will

approach  $n=2^k$ , which simplifies to 2 by  $\frac{n}{2}$ , and

$k \leq 3$

then 1, and oscillates at that cycle