A Kazdan-Warner type identity for the σ_k curvature on locally conformally flat manifolds

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This article appeared in *C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris, Ser.* I 342(2006), pp. 475–478. Lines 2–5 of **Remark 4** contain an inadvertent mis-statement. The sentences there should read

For the Christoffel-Minkowski problem, one looks for a convex hypersurface whose k^{th} elementary symmetric function of the <u>principal radii</u> at its point with normal vector ν is $CW_k(\nu)$. Let $u(\nu)$ denote the support function of the surface, then $CW_k(\nu) = \sigma_k(u_{ab}(\nu) + u(\nu)\delta_{ab})$, and $A_{ab} := u_{ab}(\nu) + u(\nu)\delta_{ab}$ satisfy the conclusion in (ii). Thus it follows from (4) that

$$\int_{\mathbf{S}^n} \nu_i C W_k(\nu) \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \int_{\mathbf{S}^n} \nu_i \sigma_k(\mathbf{u}_{ab}(\nu) + \mathbf{u}(\nu) \delta_{ab}) \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = -\frac{1}{n} \int_{\mathbf{S}^n} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nu_i, \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu) = \mathbf{0} \langle \nabla \nabla \sigma_k \rangle \mathbf{dvol}_{\mathbf{S}^n}(\nu$$

for k < n.