## HOMEWORK 9

Definition. Two sets $A$ and $B$ are equinumerous, written $A \approx B$, iff there exists a bijection $f: A \rightarrow B$.

Question 1. Suppose that $A, B$ and $C$ are any sets. Prove:
(i) $A \approx A$.
(ii) If $A \approx B$, then $B \approx A$.
(iii) If $A \approx B$ and $B \approx C$, then $A \approx C$.

Question 2. Prove or disprove the following statements.
(a) Suppose that $A$ and $B$ are any sets. If $A \approx B$ and $f: A \rightarrow B$ is an injection, then $f$ is a bijection.
(b) Suppose that $A$ and $B$ are any sets. If $A \approx B$ and $f: A \rightarrow B$ is a surjection, then $f$ is a bijection.

Question 3. Let $f: \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ be the function defined by

$$
f(m, n)=2^{m-1}(2 n-1)
$$

(a) Prove that $f$ is an injection.
(b) Prove that $f$ is a surjection.

