

10) Define  $f(x, t) = \frac{e\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)}{\sqrt{t}}$  where  $k$  is a constant. There is one value of  $k$

for which this function is a solution of the Heat Equation,  $f_{xx} = f_t$ . Find the value of  $k$  and verify that the resulting function does solve the equation.

$$f_x = \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{kx^2}{t} \right)}{t\sqrt{t}} = \frac{2xk}{t\sqrt{t}} e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)}$$

*Product Rule*

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{2xk}{t\sqrt{t}} e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)} \right) \rightarrow \frac{2k}{t\sqrt{t}} e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)} + \left( \frac{2xk}{t\sqrt{t}} \right) \left( \frac{2xk}{t} e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)} \right)$$

$$f_{xx} = \frac{2ke^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)}}{(t)^{3/2}} + \frac{4x^2k^2 e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)}}{(t)^{5/2}}$$

*Product Rule*

$$t^{-1/2} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} t^{-3/2}$$

$$e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)} \rightarrow e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)} \cdot \frac{-kx^2}{t^2}$$

$$f_t = \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}} \right) \left( e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)} \right)$$

$$f_t = \left( \frac{-1}{2(t)^{3/2}} \right) \left( e^{\frac{kx^2}{t}} \right) + \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}} \right) \left( \frac{-kx^2}{t^2} \right) \left( e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)} \right)$$

$$f_t = \left( \frac{-e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)}}{2(t)^{3/2}} \right) - \left( \frac{kx^2 e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)}}{(t)^{5/2}} \right)$$

$$f_t = \left[ \left( \frac{-1}{2(t)^{3/2}} \right) - \left( \frac{kx^2}{(t)^{5/2}} \right) \right] \left( e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)} \right)$$

$$f_{xx} = \left[ \left( \frac{2k}{(t)^{3/2}} \right) + \left( \frac{4x^2k^2}{(t)^{5/2}} \right) \right] \left( e^{\left(\frac{kx^2}{t}\right)} \right)$$