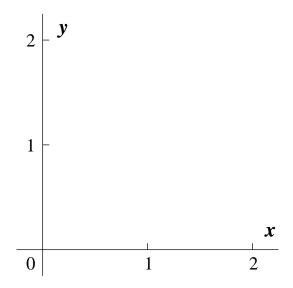
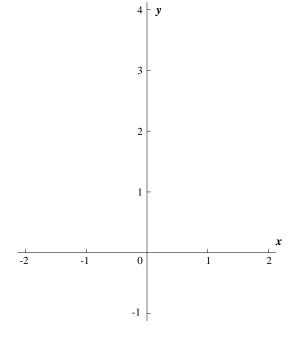
- 1. Suppose  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+2}$ . Use the **definition of derivative** to find f'(x).
- (12)2. a) Find the equation of a line tangent to  $y = \frac{4x}{2+x^2} \text{ when } x = 1.$ 
  - b) Sketch the graph of  $y = \frac{4x}{2+x^2}$  and the tangent line found in a) on the axes below.



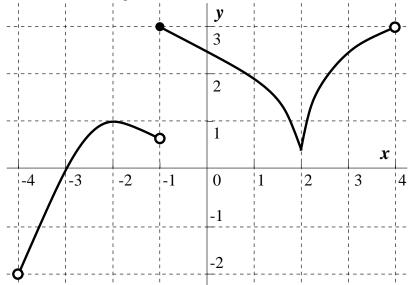
- (14)3. Suppose that the function f(x) is described by  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 - x^2 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ Ax + B & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 2^x & \text{if } 1 < x \end{cases}$ 
  - a) Find A and B so that f(x) is continuous for all numbers. Briefly explain your answer.
  - b) Sketch y = f(x) on the axes given for the values of A and B found in a) when x is in the interval [-2, 2].



- (20)4. Evaluate the indicated limits exactly. Give evidence to support your answers.
  - a)  $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 + 2x 3}{x 1}$ b)  $\lim_{x \to 2^+} \frac{|x 1| 1}{|x 2|}$

  - c)  $\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{3}}{x 3}$ d)  $\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{3x 2}{\cos(\pi x)}$

- (8) 5. Suppose that  $f(x) = x^5 + 3\cos(Kx^2)$  where K is an unknown constant.
  - a) Briefly explain why f(2) must be positive.
  - b) Briefly explain why f(-2) must be negative.
  - c) Briefly explain why the equation f(x) = 0 must have a solution, and specify an interval on the x-axis in which a solution can be found.
- (8) 6. What is the domain of  $f(x) = \frac{\ln x + \sqrt{4-x}}{\sin x}$ ? Explain your answer algebraically.
- (18) 7. In this problem the function f(x) has domain all x's between -4 and 4: -4 < x < 4. A graph of y = f(x) is displayed below. Answer the following questions as well as you can based on the information in the graph.



- a) What is the range (the collection of values) of f(x)?
- ANSWER:

b) For which x is f(x) not continuous?

ANSWER:

c) For which x is f(x) = 0?

ANSWER:

d) For which x is f(x) > 0?

ANSWER:

e) For which x is f(x) not differentiable?

ANSWER:

f) For which x is f'(x) = 0?

ANSWER:

g) For which x is f'(x) > 0?

ANSWER:

- (10) 8. a) If  $f(x) = \frac{1 e^x}{x^2 + 1}$ , what is f'(x)?
  - b) If  $f(x) = (2x + 3\cos x)(x^4 x^2)$ , what is f'(x)?
  - c) Suppose that g(x) is a differentiable function and that g(1) = 2, g'(1) = -3, and g''(1) = 4. What is the value of the second derivative of  $f(x) = x^3 g(x)$  when x = 1?

## First Exam for Math 135, sections 21, 22, and 23

February 22, 2005

NAME	

**SECTION** (please circle one) 21 22 23

Do all problems, in any order.

Show your work. An answer alone may not receive full credit. No notes other than the distributed formula sheet may be used on this exam.

Problem Number	Possible Points	Points Earned:
1	10	
2	12	
3	14	
4	20	
5	8	
6	8	
7	18	
8	10	
Total Poi	nts Earned:	