Homework 8, Math 291 Fall 2017

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1: Consider the function $f(x, y) = -xy^2 + 3y + x^2y$.

(a) Find all critical points, and compute the Hessian matrix at each critical point.

(b) Determine whether each critical point is a local minimum, a local maximum, a saddle, or if the Hessian is degenerate at the critical point.

(c) Sketch a contour plot of f in the vicinity of each critical point.

2: Consider the function $f(x, y) = \frac{x^2 y}{1 + 2x^4 + y^4}$.

(a) Find all critical points in the open upper right quadrant; i.e., the set of (x, y) with x, y > 0. Compute the Hessian matrix at each such critical point.

(b) Determine whether each such critical point is a local minimum, a local maximum, a saddle, or if the Hessian is degenerate at the critical point.

(c) Sketch a contour plot of f in the vicinity of each such critical point.

3: For any real number a, let A(a) be the matrix

$$A(a) := \left[\begin{array}{rrr} 3 & 1 & a \\ 1 & 2 & a \\ a & a & 1 \end{array} \right] \; .$$

For which values of a are all of the eigenvalues of A(a) strictly positivle? Justify your answer to recieve credit.

4: Let a > b > 0 be given. Consider the circle in the x, y plane in \mathbb{R}^3 parameterized by $a(\cos u, \sin u, 0), 0 \le u < 2\pi$. The set S of all points in \mathbb{R}^3 whose distance from this circle is exactly b is torus. It is parameterized by

 $\mathbf{X}(u,v) = a(\cos u, \sin u, 0) + b(\cos u \sin v, \sin u \sin v, \cos v) = (\cos u(a+b \sin v), \sin u(a+b \sin v), b \cos v),$ where $0 \le u, v < 2\pi$.

where $0 \leq u, v \leq 2\pi$.

(a) Check that $\mathbf{X}_u(u, v)$ and $\mathbf{X}_v(u, v)$ are linearly independent for all u, v.

(b) Compute the equation for the tangent plane to the torus at $\mathbf{X}(\pi/4, \pi/3)$.

(c) Compute the principle curvatures at $\mathbf{X}(\pi/4, \pi/3)$, and find an orthonormal basis of eigenvectors of the tangent plane at $\mathbf{X}(\pi/4, \pi/3)$ that consists of eigenfunctions of the shape operator.

(d) Compute the Gaussian curvature of the torus at each point $\mathbf{X}(u, v)$.

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